

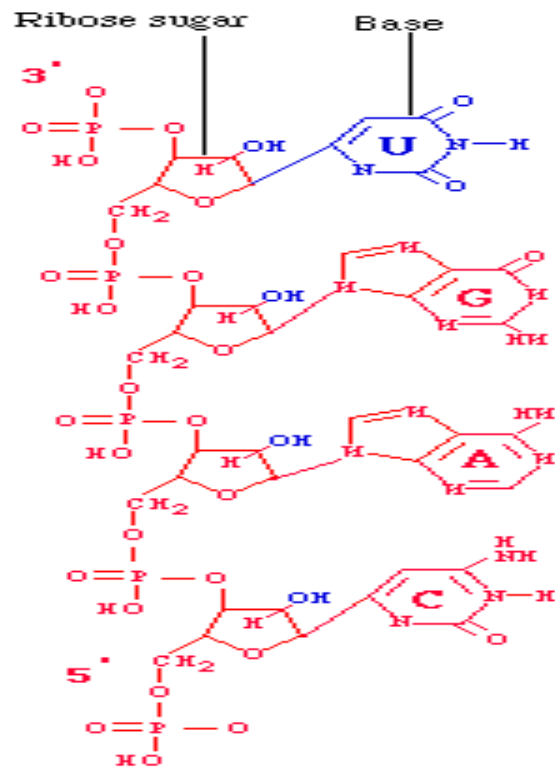
RNA VS DNA

- DNA and RNA are two different nucleic acids found in the cells of every living organism.
- DNA and RNA structure are similar because they both consist of long chains of nucleotide units.
- However, there are a few structural details that distinguish them from each other...

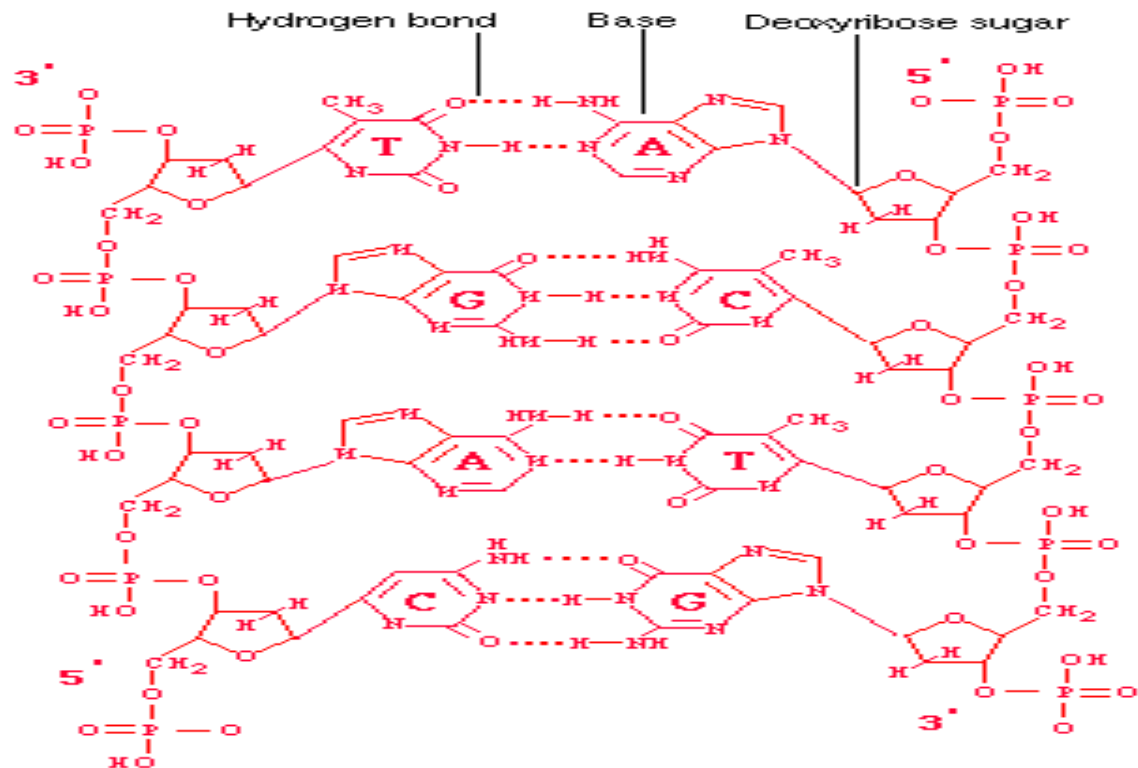
RNA is **single stranded**, DNA is double stranded

RNA and DNA

RNA (single stranded)

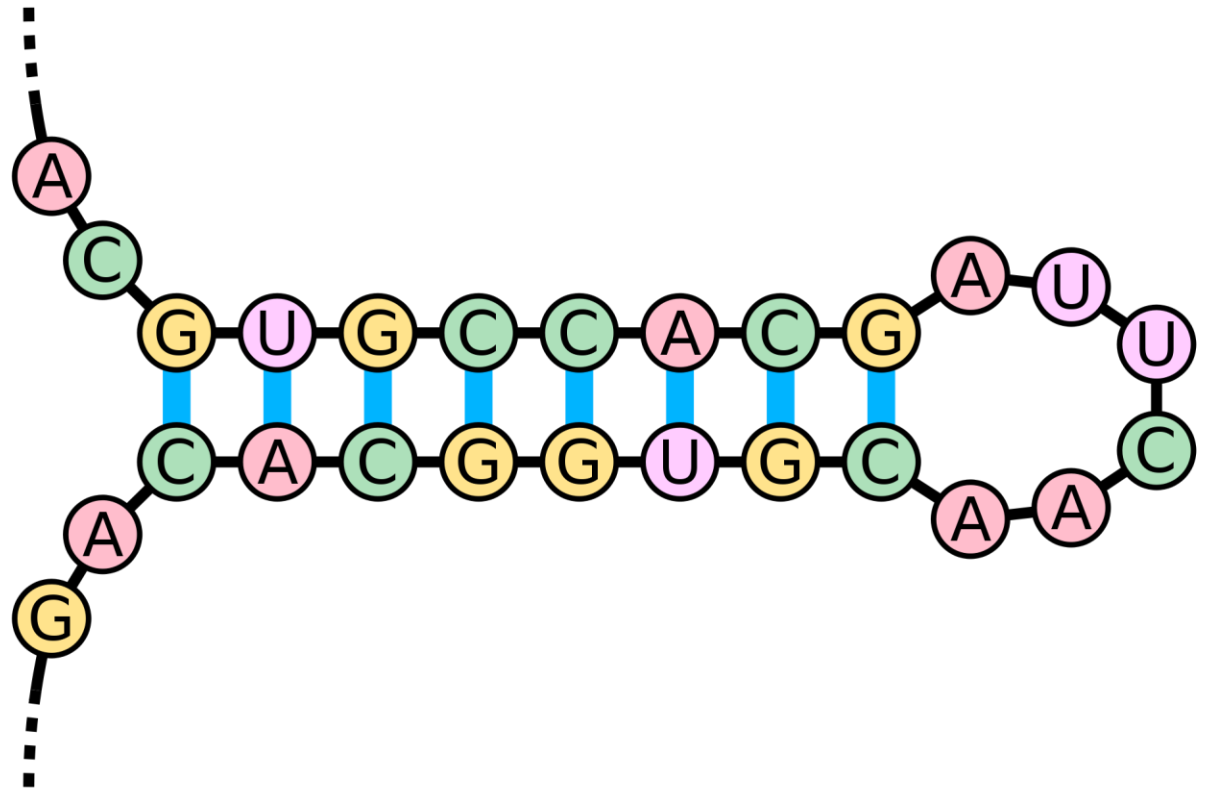


DNA (double stranded)

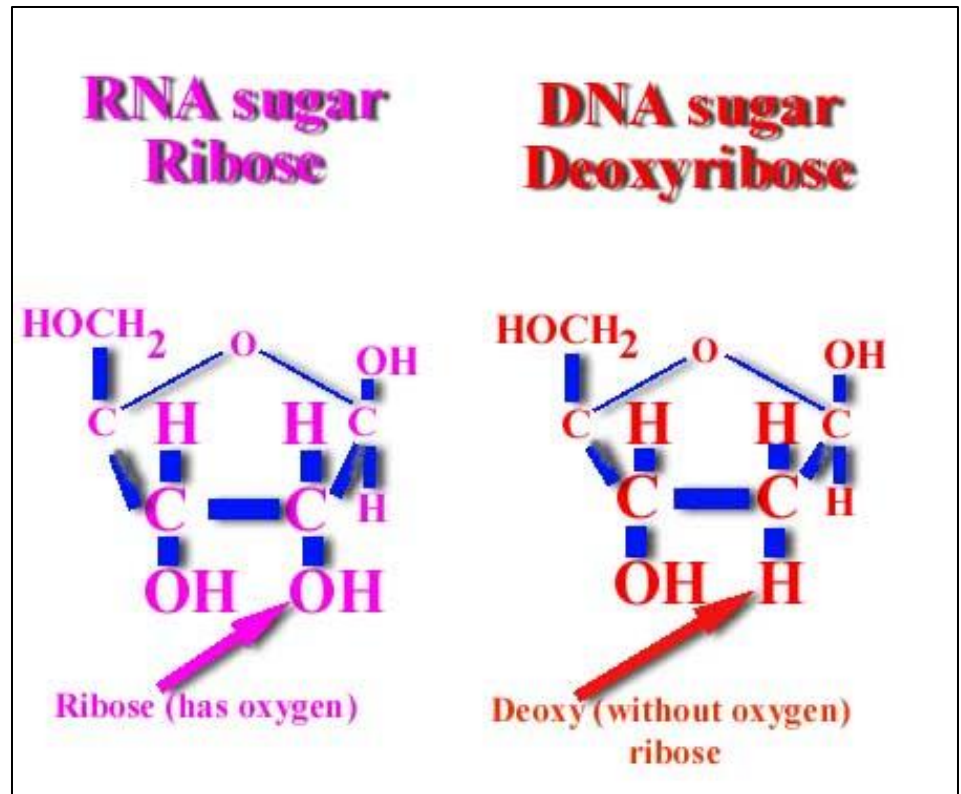


Although, sometimes a strand of RNA can base pair with itself

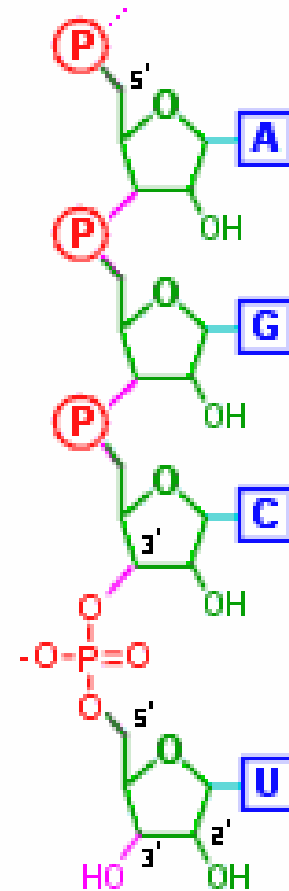
See how this is one strand that has bent back to bond with itself?



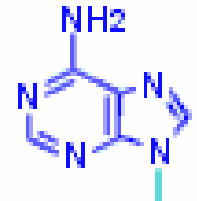
- RNA has **ribose** sugar, not deoxyribose sugar



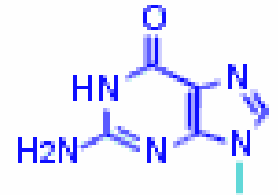
- RNA bases are **A**, **G**, **C** and **U** (uracil), no **T**
 - Uracil is a **pyrimidine** and forms two hydrogen bonds with **adenine**



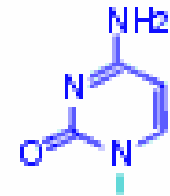
Adenine



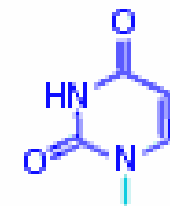
Guanine



Cytosine



Uracil



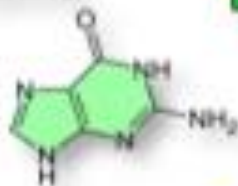
(c) Chemis

Cytosine



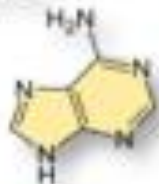
C

Guanine



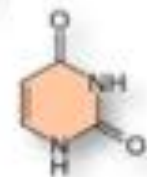
G

Adenine



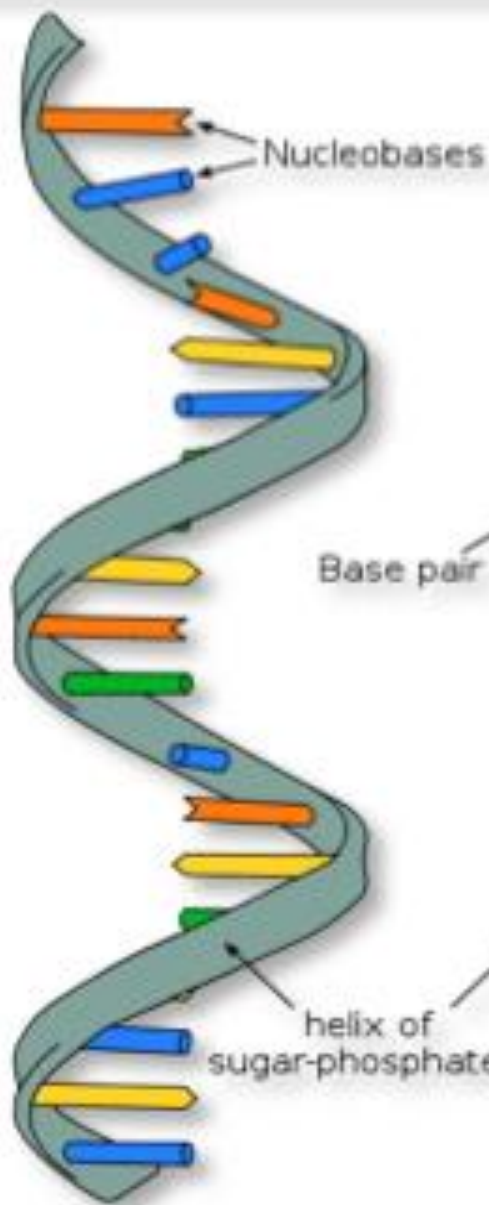
A

Uracil



U

Nucleobases
of RNA



RNA

Ribonucleic acid



DNA

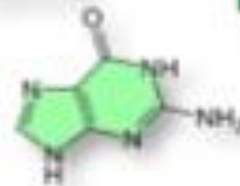
Deoxyribonucleic acid

Cytosine



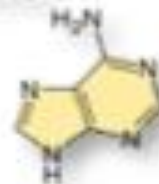
C

Guanine



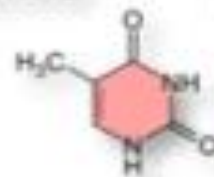
G

Adenine



A

Thymine



T

Nucleobases
of DNA